# Indiana Natural Gas Modeling System: A Technical Report

Presentation to

Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission
Gas Price Forum

State Utility Forecasting Group
Purdue University

# SUFG'S NATURAL GAS MODELING SYSTEM

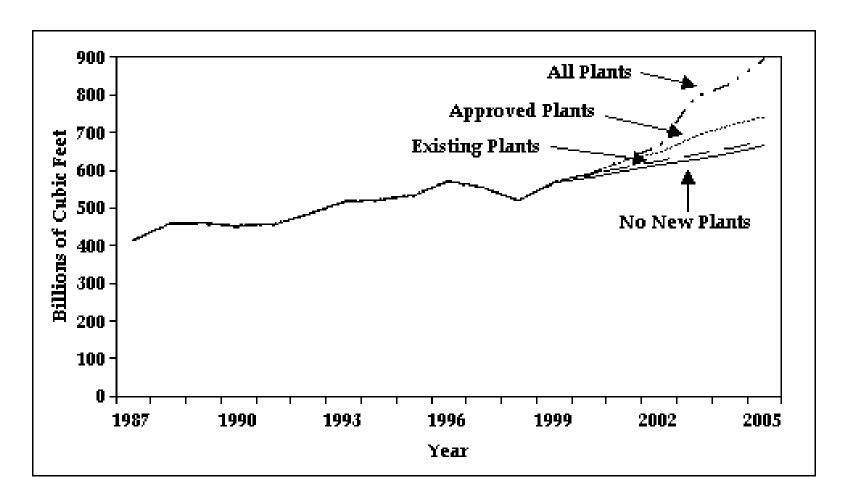
- SUFG has been developing a natural gas model in order to investigate the impact of new natural gas-fired generators on the gas transportation, distribution, and storage system
- A technical report was released earlier this month and is available on the SUFG website:

### https://engineering.purdue.edu/IIES/SUFG

- The report is not a forecast and does not provide projections of future use and prices
- The report is intended to inform industry experts of the model's structure and capabilities in order to get constructive feedback for future model improvements

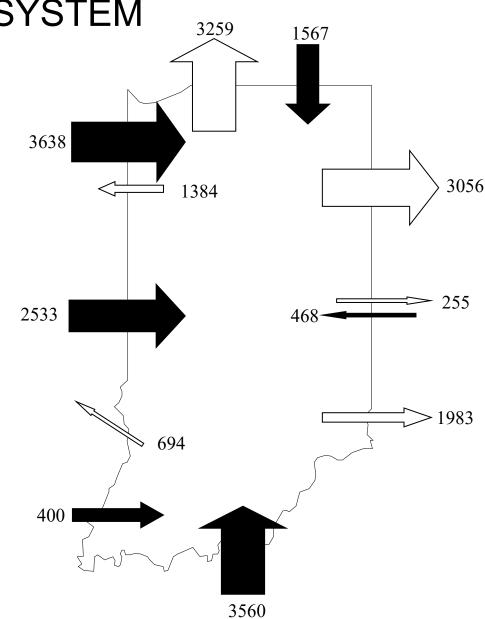
# **OBJECTIVE**

To study the impact of new gas fired electricity generating facilities on the gas system.



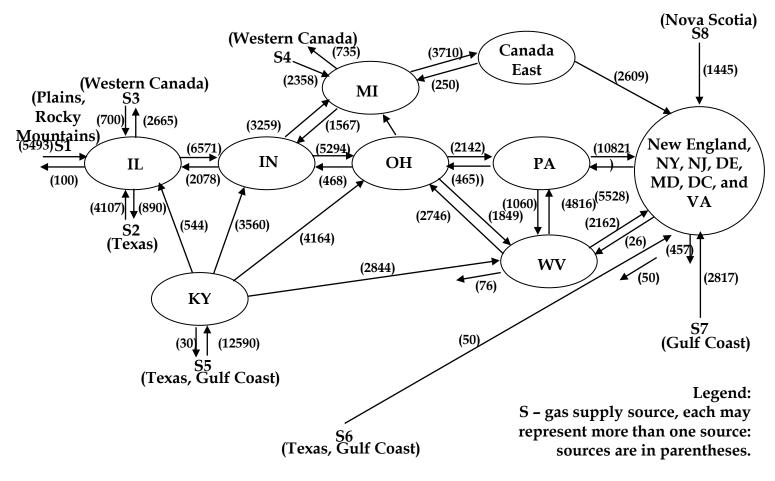
# INDIANA'S NATURAL GAS TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM

- Over 70 percent of the gas entering the state is sent further downstream to serve customers in the Northeast
- Indiana's pipeline system is sized to handle a larger flow than Indiana's native demand (about 3,000 mmcf per day in the peak heating season)



### NECESSARY TO MODEL MORE THAN INDIANA

(Numbers in parentheses show total pipeline capacities between nodes in mmcf/d)



Note: This includes the capacities of planned additions to the system over the planning horizon.

Source: EIA, December 2002

# Indiana modeled in more detail

Total nodes in model 87

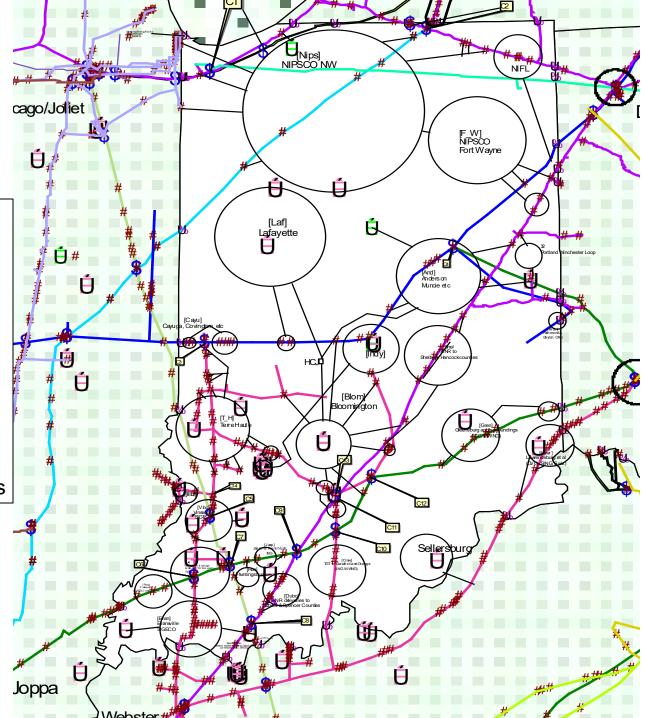
Indiana nodes 69 demand nodes 23

U-shaped symbols are storage locations

Brown # are city gates points

Blue \$ are pipeline

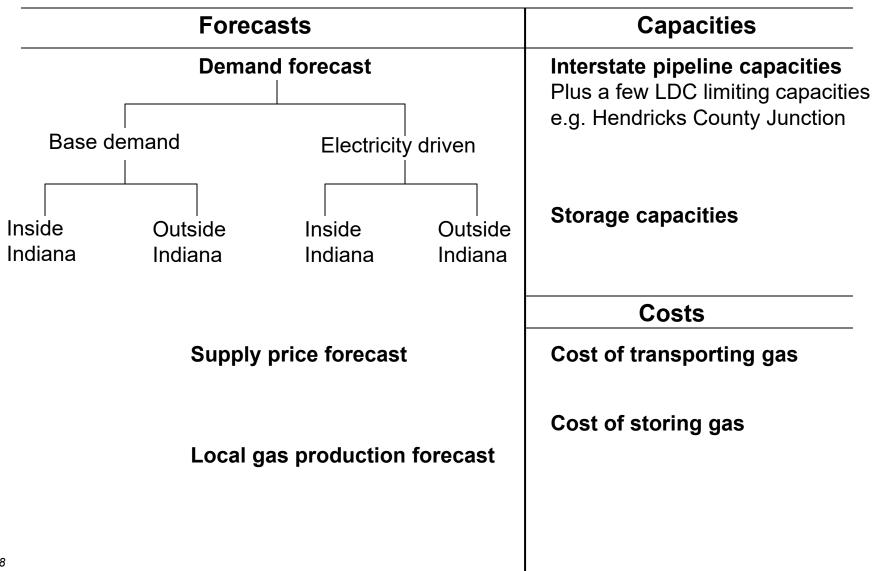
interconnections



### AN OPTIMIZATION MODEL

- Minimize the total cost of meeting the demand less any local production
- Cost of gas at the source nodes
   Cost of moving gas to the city gates
   Cost of storage
- While respecting the system physical constraints pipeline capacities (including all known additions) storage capacities
- The smallest unit of time modeled is a month

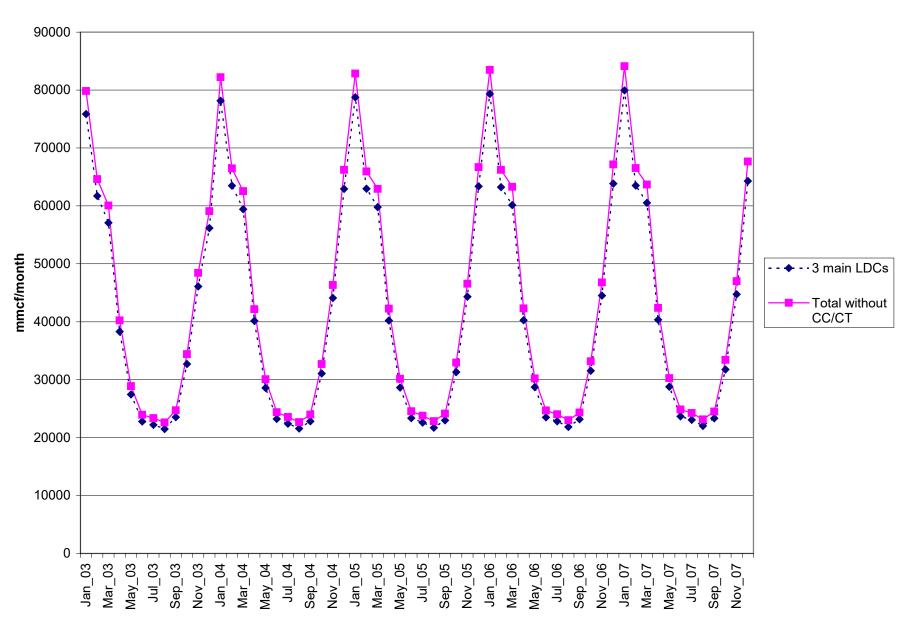
### DATA REQUIREMENTS



# FORECASTING INDIANA'S BASE DEMAND

- The four main Indiana LDCs (CGCU, NIPSCO, IGC, SIGECO) provided historical consumption data
- SUFG built a linear regression model for each month with CDD, HDD as explanatory variables and a trend to arrive at a base forecast
- The ~5% demand not covered by the 4 major LDCs was estimated using the flow data from the EIAGIS-NG system

### INDIANA DEMAND PROJECTION



# BASE GAS DEMAND FORECAST OUTSIDE INDIANA

- Linear regression
- EIA historical monthly demand 1989 2000
- Explanatory variables are HDD, CDD, price and a trend variable
- Good statistical fit obtained (R<sup>2</sup> ≈ 0.9)

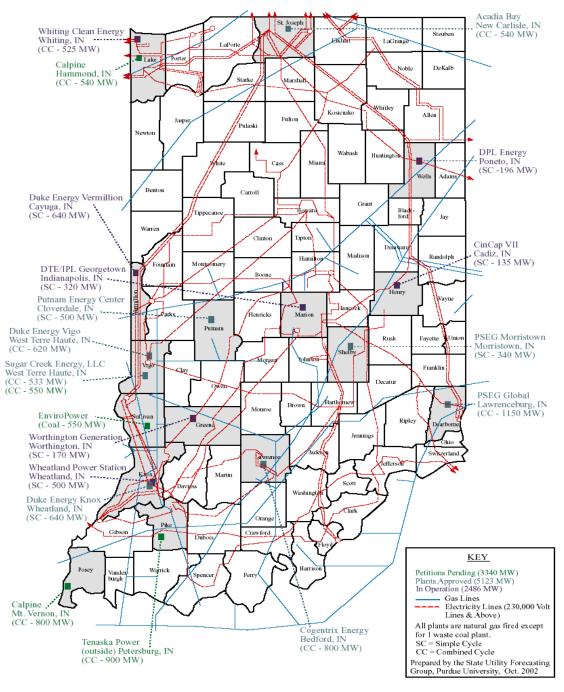
# Electricity driven gas demand inside Indiana

CC/CT assumed to run as follows

 Hours assumed 50% of the hours in each month throughout the year for CC

> a total of 874 hours in an year mostly during the summer peak for CT

Heat rate (Btu/kWh)
 7340 for CC
 11,000 for CT



# ELECTRICITY DRIVEN GAS DEMAND FORECAST OUTSIDE INDIANA

- SUFG assumes gas consumption by CC/CT's will be driven by electricity demand growth rather than the number of merchant plants built
- 1.8% electricity demand growth assumed for the base case
- All the electricity growth will be met by CC/CT's
- An electricity dispatch model is used to allocate the share of demand met by CC vs. CT

### GAS SUPPLY PRICE FORECAST FROM EIA

- EIA 2001 annual wellhead price forecast adjusted for actual observations in 2002
- Annual forecast broken into monthly forecasts using historical monthly distribution factors
- Transportation rates added to the wellhead price forecasts to create price forecasts at the boundary of the model
- Prices at the model's source nodes are a weighted average of the wellhead price plus transportation cost for several points of origin

# Interstate pipelines serving Indiana

Into Indiana = 12,166 mmcf/d Out of Indiana = 10,631 mmcf/d

NGPL - Natural gas pipeline co of America

**ANRP - ANR pipeline co** 

**CRDS** - Crossroads pipeline co.

**VECT** – Vector pipeline co.

**NBOR - Northern border pipeline co.** 

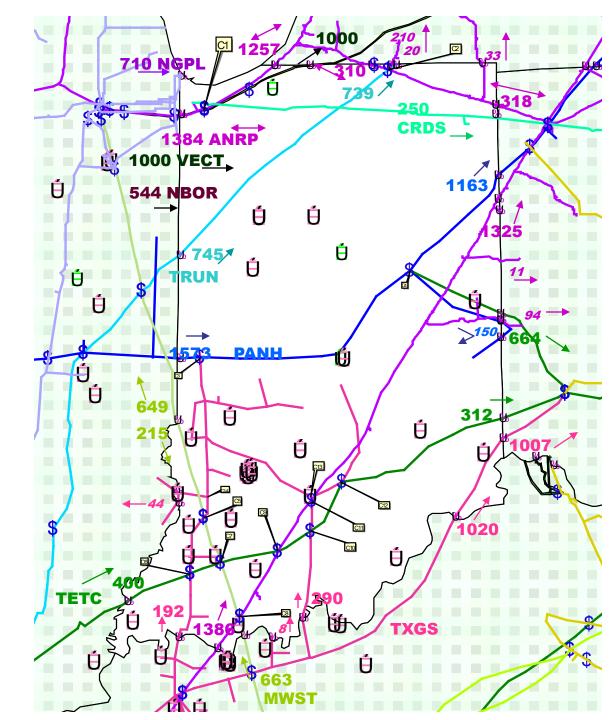
**PANH - Panhandle eastern co.** 

TRUN - Trunkline gas co.

**TETC** - Texas eastern transport co.

TXGS - Texas gas transmission co.

**MWST** - Midwestern gas transmission co.



# Indiana storage working capacity (mmcf)

### **Underground**

Field location

**1530** 

Node capacity

#### **LNG**

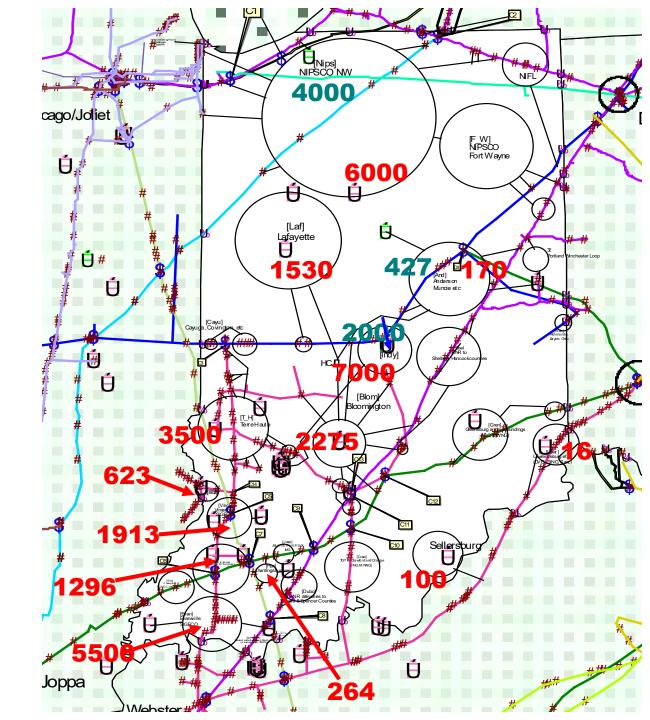


**Facility location** 

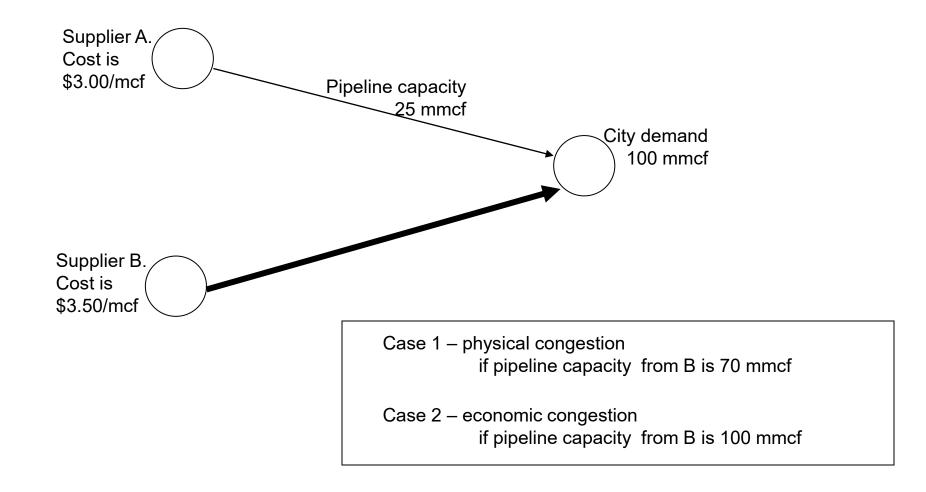
427

Node capacity

Indiana total 36814 Underground = 30387 LNG = 6427



### PHYSICAL VS. ECONOMIC CONGESTION



# THE EXPERIMENTS

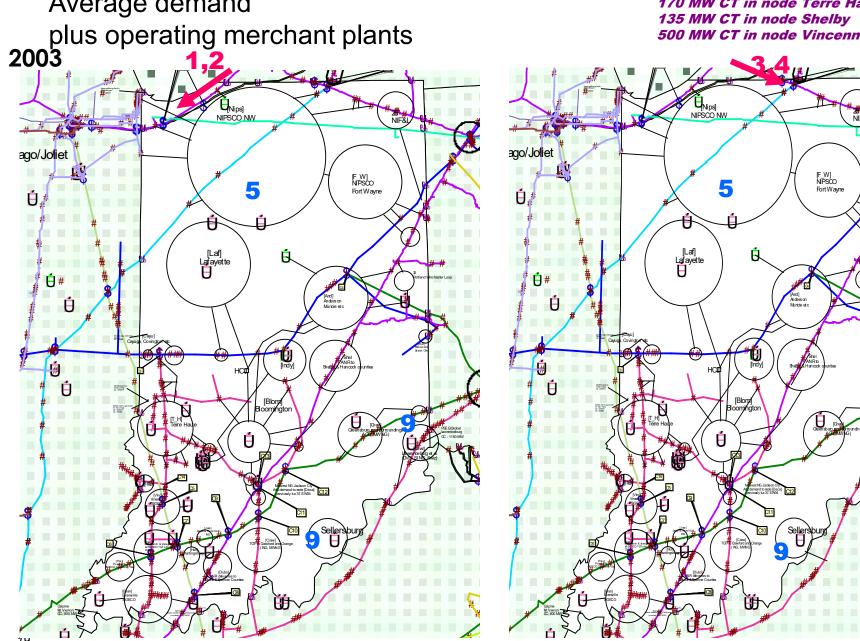
- Average regional demand
  - a) base case average demand plus merchant plants currently in operation
  - b) base case plus *all proposed merchant* plants in Indiana.
- 2. Above average regional demand
  - a) with only merchant plants currently operating in Indiana
  - b) plus *all proposed merchant* plants in Indiana.
- 3. Outage at a major pipeline interconnection
  - a) forced outage
  - b) planned outage at same interconnection
- 4. Free gas exchange at the interconnections inside Indiana
- Extreme weather
  - a) with only merchant plants currently *operating* in Indiana
  - b) plus *all proposed merchant* plants in Indiana.

Base case -

525 MW CC in node NIPSCO W

Average demand

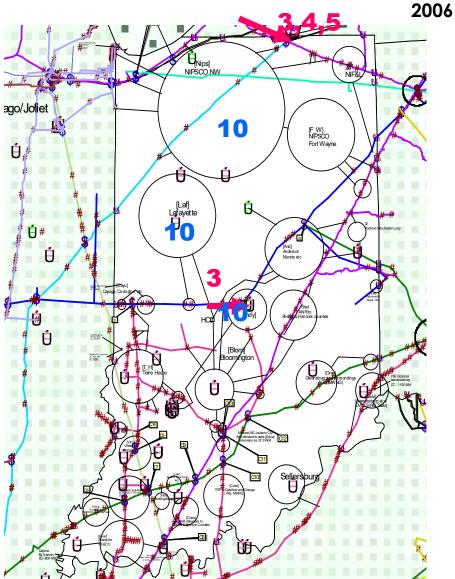
640 MW CT in node Cayuga 320 MW CT in node Indianapolis 196 MW CT in node Anderson 170 MW CT in node Terre Haute 135 MW CT in node Shelby 500 MW CT in node Vincennes 2004



# Base case (continued)

640 MW CT in node Cayuga 320 MW CT in node Indianapolis 196 MW CT in node Anderson 170 MW CT in node Terre Haute 135 MW CT in node Shelby 500 MW CT in node Vincennes

2005 10 [F\_W] NIPSCO Fort Wayne

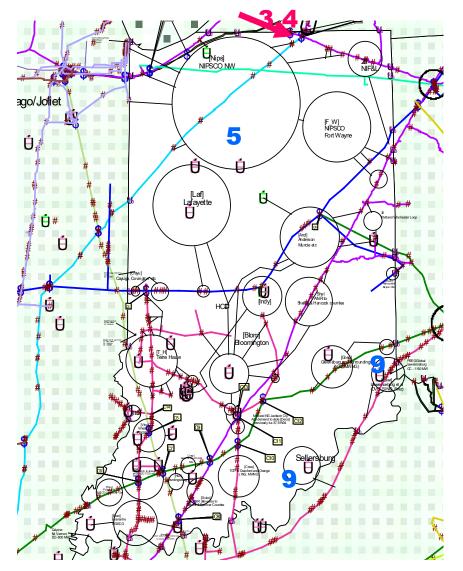


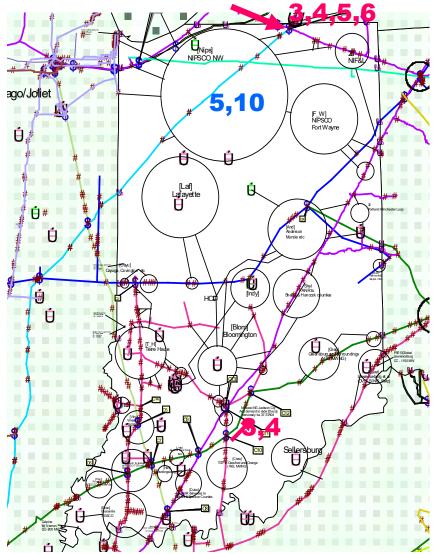
#### Plus all proposed CTs and CCs in Indiana

#### **Base case**

#### Generators added in 2004

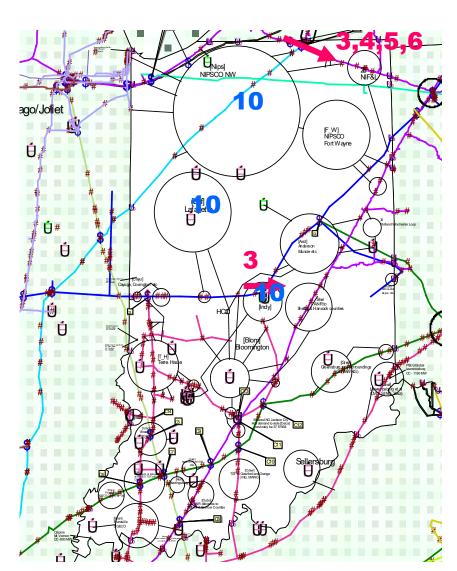
1153 MW CC in node Terre Haute 800 MW CC in node Bloomington 1150 MW CC in node Lawrenceburg 340 MW CT in node Shelby

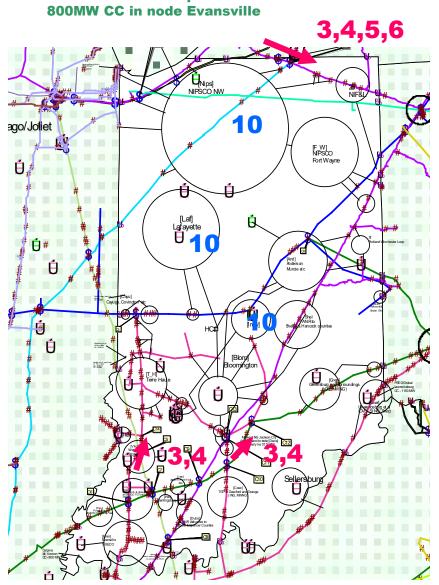




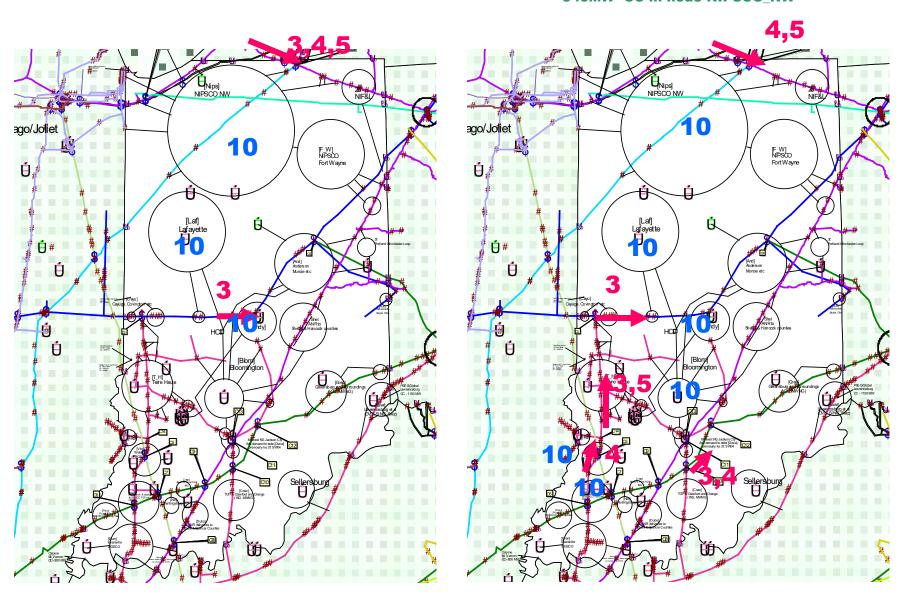
#### **Generators added in 2005**

550MW CC in node Terre Haute 900MW CC in node pike



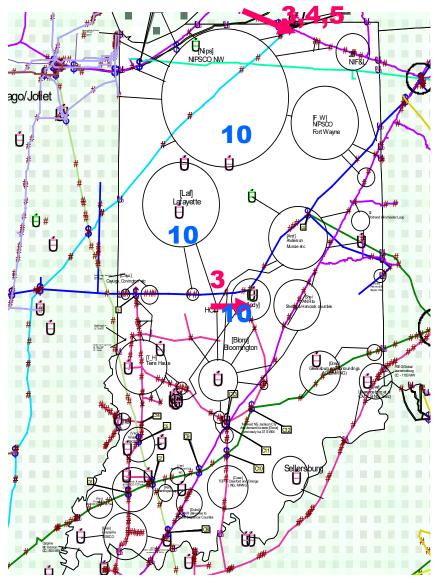


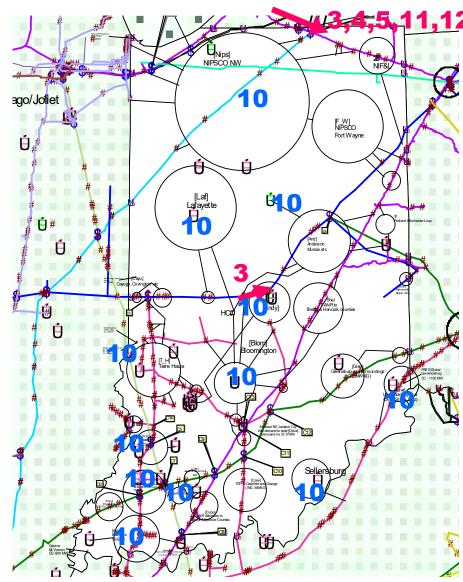
Generators added in 2006 540MW CC in node NIPSCO\_NW



CDD HDD one STD above base Regional electricity demand growth 2.2%

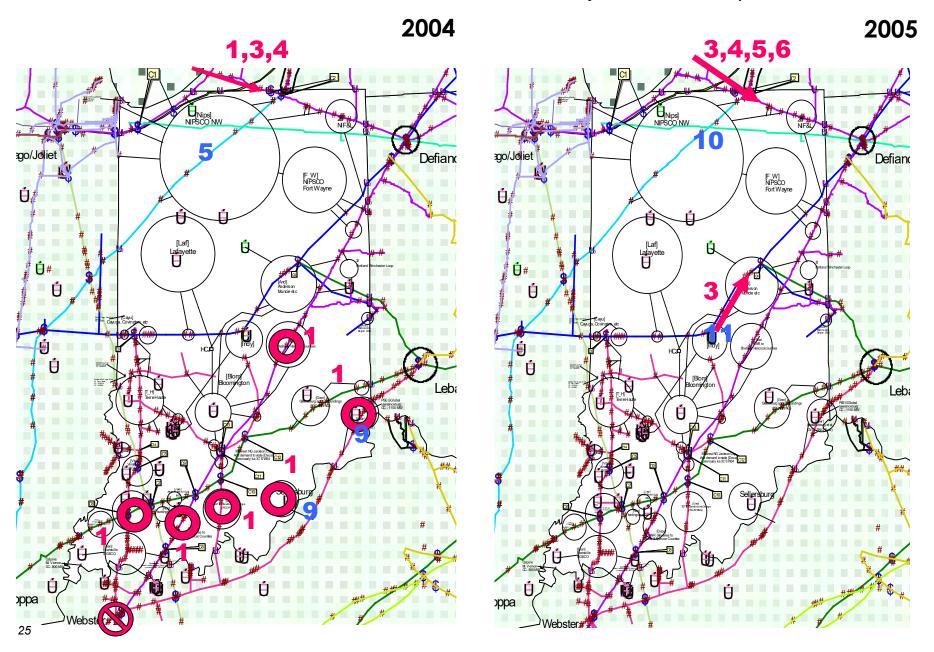
Regional electricity demand growth 1.8%



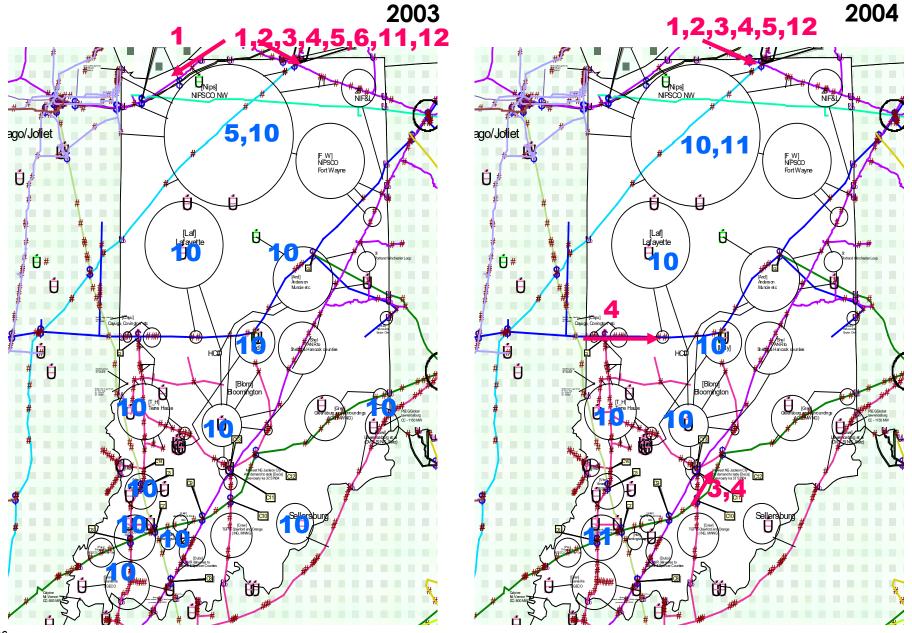


#### Unforeseen outage on the ANRP/TXGS interconnection at Webster, KY In January 2004

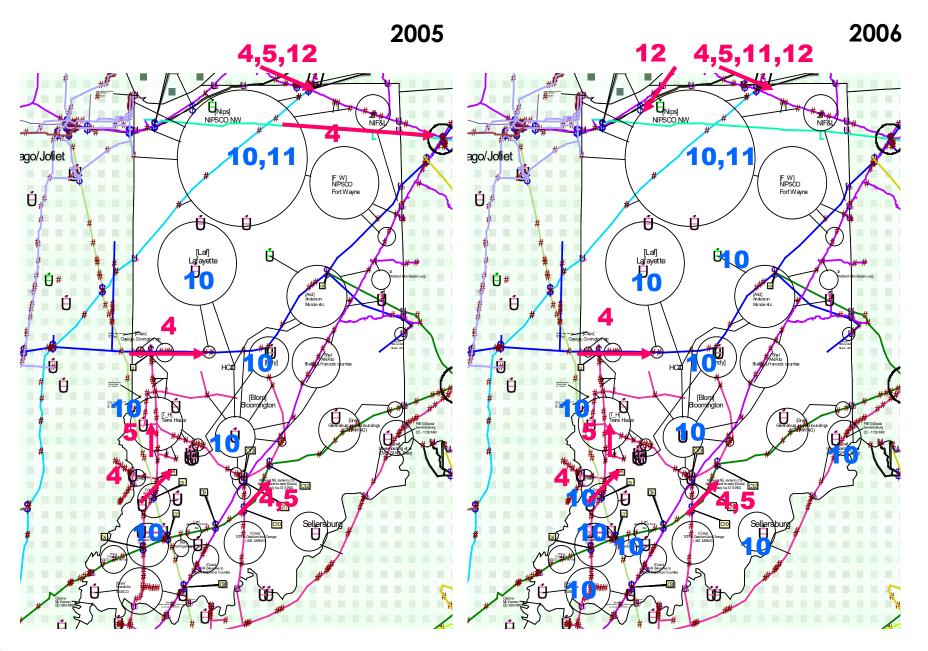
The nodes marked in red circles have unmet demand, but only in the month the disruption occurs



#### Extreme weather in the region plus all proposed merchant plants in Indiana



Extreme weather in the region plus all proposed merchant plants in Indiana (contd.)



# **FUTURE WORK**

- Improve data quality
  - pipeline and storage capacity
  - local production
  - supply prices forecasts
  - demand forecasts
  - transportation charges
- Model price elasticity
  - demand
  - supply

- Model refinements
  - system pressure
  - model clock
  - storage facility constraints
    - maintenance
    - injection/withdrawal rates
- Model strategic behavior
  - transportation
  - storage
  - supply